



FRENCH-ITALIAN INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT SEMINAR



IN THE HINTERLAND OF NICE/ALPES MARITIMES DEPARTMENT

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DEFINITIONS :

What's an hinterland ?

Andre Vigarée: triptych hinterland ----> foreland ----> port

Areas served by land transport infrastructure (roads, railways, etc.) connected to this port



DEFINITIONS

What's tourist mobilities?

The movement of individuals for leisure, recreation, or exploration purposes across different geographical locations



• Various modes of transportation

• Accessibility, affordability, safety, and the appeal of destinations

THE QUESTION

<u>To what extent does tourist mobility unify or not the Nice</u> <u>hinterland ?</u>







A territory separated in 3:

• Hinterland (demographic unit)





The study are:

• Base with a density between 1 to 141 hab/km^2

- <u>Geophysics of the hinterland</u>
- A territory separated in two:
 - Significant relief in the North-East of the Country.
 - Deep valley which also traces roads and railway lines

Drastically more relief compared to the forecountry and the port



• <u>Diagnotic of the main natural hazards</u> and physical constraints of the area

Fire and drought risk in the entire zone



Land Use in the hinterland

A territory separated in two:

- Significant inhabitants areas in the coastline
- Majority of forest in the hinterland

• Diagnotic of the main natural hazards and physical constraints of the area

Dealing with the risk of flooding

• Preventive measures to contain natural hazards

What actions are being taken? Risk prevention plan (PPR) Budgeting of protection measures at departmental level Protective measures for homes and transport infrastructures

How does this interfere with mobility? Protecting railroad lines to ensure mobility ex : Roya valley line Protection of road infrastructures

Fire

Preventive measures for tourists Mobilization of firefighters and material during the summer period

Source : BFMTV

PREVENTION FEUX DEFORETS

L'IMPRUDENCE DÉTRUIT NOTRE NATURE !

90 % DES DÉPARTS DE FEUX DE FORÊTS SONT D'ORIGINE HUMAINE

Source : Département des Alpes Maritimes

• <u>Isola 2000 :</u>

Around 850 000 skier days per season

• <u>Auron</u>:

Around 750 000 skier days per season

• <u>Valberg</u> :

Around 600 000 skier days per season

• Mountain tourism (hiking, mountain biking): Mercantour National Park, Vésubie Valley

Mercantour Parc

• **Hydrotherapy** : Roquebillère les Bains, Berthemont-lesbains

<u>the most attendance is in the summer</u>

• <u>Graphic of overnight stays in the department's</u> <u>holiday areas by size</u>

Tourist Type : Group of 6 peolple or more in majority

Source : Enquete Ménage & déplacements de 2009

TOURISM MOBILITIES

TOURISM MOBILITIES

- 5,680 cards sold, which is +185% versus 2020
- 24,318 visits at the partners of the card, which is +174% versus 2020
- 56% of the sales made by the information offices
- 72% of buyers are French

TOURISM MOBILITIES: TRAINS • <u>RAILWAYS</u>

• 15 railway stations in the Nice • TER Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur • Share of train travel in the Nice

hinterland: 12%

04

the train, a tourist identity in the making

The Train of Merveilles and the Train of Pignes Two operators (SNCF and GECP) Present by the region as trains for tourists through tourist brochures

THE TRAIN DES MERVEILLES

- A Franco-Italian railway line (Cuneo and Ventimiglia)
- Presented by the region as a train mainly for tourist purposes
- Procedure for becoming a UNESCO heritage site

- From Nice to Digne-les-Bains (151 km)
- Daily service
- Tourist attractiveness in summer

THE TRAIN DES PIGNES

Area not served by train

Regional natural park

Weaknesses

One single connection between the two lines (in Nice) no connection wherelse neither with bus or railway

Fragmentation of the hinterland along these two lines = no unity of the hinterland unlike the coastline

ROAD NETWORK

- 3 500 km
- 75% of villages are connected by direct roads 25% of villages are accessible by winding or narrow roads
- 50 km of roads cross sensitive natural areas

TOURISM MOBILITIES : BUS

BUS NETWORK

<u>Regional level :</u>

• 3 type of services : Express lines (0-100 Proximity lines (100-9999) Transport on demand

J<u>ust to note :</u>

- 2 european lines for cyclists
 - : Eurovelo 7 and Eurovelo 8 (eurocycle lines)
- 2 national lines : V64 et V65

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TOURISM MOBILITIES : BUS

<u>Regional coach services</u>

<u>in the hinterland</u>

<u>Express line :</u>

Line 51 : Nice and Digne les bains Frequency : 20 min. (part-time services) Amplitude : 6:00 - 20:00

<u>Proximity lines :</u>

615 : 30 races/day, 7 SNCF connections

- 671 : , 14 races/day
- 675 : 12 races/day

<u>Train comparison :</u>

- Chemins de fer de provence line 6:00-23:00 (20min. freq.)
- Train des merveilles line : approx. 10 trains/day

Napoléon

route

TOURISM MOBILITIES : BUS

Strength

Low demand, complementary with railway system, good solutions for seasonal tourists

A region clearly involved into mobilities Express bus lines

Hinterland well connected with Nice (international Airport, TGV)

10% of natural landscapes been degraded by transport infrastructure

region

Weaknesses

Lack of infrastrucutre, complicated geography

CO2 emissions linked to transport in the Nice hinterland represent approximately **34%** of total greenhouse gas emissions in the

To what extent does tourist mobility unify or not the Nice hinterland ?

- **Potential** of the Alpes-Maritimes hinterland, including its scenic beauty, ski resorts, and national park.
- Limitations in road infrastructure and mobility options, hindering the region's development.

NEXT ?

• Soft mobility network as a solution to overcome these challenges and promote responsible tourism. (Emphasizing the innovative approach to addressing infrastructure and mobility issues)

Implementation Strategy: Detailing the plan to implement the <u>soft mobility network</u>, focusing on <u>electric bike rental</u> and <u>car-sharing services</u> at existing stations. (practical steps and collaborations involved in the project)

Equitable Accessibility and Sustainability: Discussing the goal of offering the service at <u>all stations to reduce territorial inequalities</u> and promote <u>sustainable tourism</u>, emphasizing the environmental benefits and accessibility improvements. (Highlighting the broader impact on regional development and environmental sustainability)

Promotion of Authentic Tourism: Emphasizing the opportunity for visitors to explore <u>hidden gems</u> and <u>experience authentic tourism</u> away from the coastal crowds, fostering a deeper connection with the region.

TOURISME FOR ALL : making the Alpes-Maritimes hinterland accessible to all, promoting responsible tourism, and preserving the region's unique character.

The stations with a yellow star are the ones where we will be installing our mobility station Project.

<u>Pricing aimed at tourists wishing to</u> <u>visit the hinterland</u>

Implementation of <u>Open Payment</u> easier for occasional use

Single fare :

- train + bike day ticket
- one single ticket

Point of sale in shops in rural areas, preferably close to stations

• If no shops, use ticket vending machines

Open Payment process

Travel services & information

- Integration into mobility applications
- Number of vehicles and bicycles available in real time
- Real-time traffic information

example : Velib application in Paris

<u>Specific equipments and costs</u>

Bicycle racks : 130€, x15 at every station (1950€/station)
Total : 23 400 €

Car sharing : 800€/veh, 2 cars/station

Total : 19 200 €/ months (230 400€/year)

Free-floating bicycles : 100 bikes, 1500€/bikes

Total : 150 000 € (30 000€ maintenance cost/year)

Openpayement in station :

Total : 96 000€ (8 000€/station)

Permeable parking surface :
Total : 85 000€ (7 000€/station)

TOTAL GENERAL : 615 000 € / 12 mobility houses

Sources : CEREMA (Research department of the transports and environment minister)

Moutain bikes, Made for the geography

Let's take a look at our mobility

house !

We ask an artificial intelligence to illustrate our mobility houses

You can find the equipements required :

- -Bicycle racks
- -Car sharing
- -Free-floating bikes
- -Openpayment terminals

Made by Dall-e software

Car sharing : 2 cars/station

<u>Why is it innovative ?</u>

Free-floating bike : 100 bikes for the area

> Real-time information Know in advance the number of cars/bikes

The 4 keys :

Understable, informations, geographic coverage, additional solutions

To go further...

OV Fiets : A bike infrastructure & service at every trains stations, by the railway operator NS Almost 50% people come by bikes to take the trains

Saint-Sauveur railway station : surprising to see the station cut off by the motorway : we still have work to do...

Strength	We
Cheap solution to boost frequentation Clearly understandable for users Maximising existing infrastructure	Complicate Hard to du model iu
A sustainable solution to learn how to re-use trains and put them back at the heart of mobility Possibilities for European subsidies	The idea of a everywhere i and implies used as inte

eaknesses

d geography (bike) uplicate the same n every station

applying the model is more expensive, **that it will not be** ensively everywhere

SOURCES

- Site officiel du Département des Alpes-Maritimes : <u>https://www.departement06.fr/</u>
- Calameo : <u>https://www.departement06.fr/publications-28.html</u>
- Avencurieux : <u>https://www.departement06.fr/</u>
- Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur : <u>https://www.maregionsud.fr/</u>
- Randomania : <u>https://m.youtube.com/c/RandoMania</u>
- Datasud : <u>http://datasud.fr/</u>
- INSEE : <u>https://www.insee.fr/en/accueil</u>
- SNCF : <u>https://www.sncf-connect.com/</u>
- MonGr : <u>https://www.mongr.fr/sinspirer/mon-gr-prefere</u>
- Office du tourisme Métropole de Nice : <u>https://www.explorenicecotedazur.com/</u>
- IGN : <u>https://www.ign.fr/</u>
- Pass French Riviera : <u>https://www.frenchrivierapass.com/en/</u>

<u>Thank you for your attention</u>

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